CHEMISTRY SAMPLE TEST 1

1. A sample of N_2 gas occupies 4.48 L volume under standard conditions (1 atm, 0^0 C). What is the mass of the sample? The atomic mass of N is 14 amu.

A: 5.6 g B: 56 g C: 2.8 g D: 28 g E: 22.4 g

- 2. Which properties are characteristic for the nonmetals?
 - 1. high electrical conductivity
 - 2. large ionization energy
 - 3. high electronegativity
 - 4. low electron affinity

A: 1,2 B: 2,3 C: 3,4 D: 2,4 E: 1,2,3

- 3. Concerning $1.2 \times 10^{24} CO_2$ molecules, which statements are true? The molar mass is 44 g/mol.
 - 1. it is 12 moles.
 - 2. it occupies 1.2 x 22.4 L volume under standard conditions.
 - 3. it has a mass of 88 grams.
 - 4. it consists of 3.6×10^{24} atoms.
 - A: 1,3 B: 1,4 C: 2,3 D: 2,4 E: 3,4
- 4. Which of the following substances contain covalent bonds only?

1.	BaCl ₂ (aq)	2.	CCl4(l)	3. HCl	(g) 4	. NH4Br(aq)
A:	1,2,3,4	B: 1,2,4	C: 2,3	D: 1,3	E: 2,3,4	

- 5. Which of the following atoms are isotopes of each other?
 - *X*: 11 protons, 11 electrons, 12 neutrons
 - *Y*: 11 protons, 10 electrons, 12 neutrons
 - V: 11 protons, 11 electrons, 13 neutrons
 - W: 12 protons, 12 electrons, 12 neutrons

A: X and Y B: X and W C: Y and V D: V and W E: X and V

- An aqueous solution is prepared by dissolving 1.6 g NaOH in 250 mL final volume. What is the molar concentration of the solution? The molar mass of NaOH is 40 g/mol
 - A: 6.4 mol/L
 - B: 1.6 mol/L
 - C: 16 mol/L
 - D: 0.16 mol/L
 - E: 64 mol/L

$$N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \implies 2NH_3(g)$$

The reaction is exothermic towards product formation. Which of the following changes of conditions will shift the equilibrium of the reaction to the right? 1. increase the pressure.

- 1. increase the pressure.
- 2. increase the concentration of NH_3 .
- 3. increase the concentration of H_2 gas.
- 4. decreasing the temperature.

A: 1,3,4 B: 2,3 C: 2,4 D: 2,3,4 E: 1,2,3,4

8. When two elements, *X* (atomic number 13) and *Y* (atomic number 8), react the compound formed will be:

A: XY B: X_3Y_2 C: XY_2 D: X_2Y E: X_2Y_3

- 9. Which is the most basic solution?
 - A: pH=11
 - B: pOH=12
 - C: pOH=2
 - D: $[OH^{-}]=10^{-4} \text{ mol/L}$
 - E: $[H^+]=10^{-4} \text{ mol/L}$
- 10. Which set contains only polar molecules?
 - A: NH₃, H₂O, SO₂
 - B: SO₃, H₂S, H₂O
 - C: HCl, CO₂, NH₃
 - D: Cl₂, SO₂, CO₂
 - E: CCl4, H₂O, NH₃
- 11. In any reaction where a calcium atom changes to calcium ion, the calcium atom
 - 1. has lost an electron.
 - 2. has become an anion.
 - 3. has been oxidized.
 - 4. has achieved noble gas electron configuration.

A: 1,2 B: 2,3 C: 3,4 D: 2,4 E: 2,3,4

- 12. What is the oxidation number of Cr in $K_2Cr_2O_7$
 - A: -6 B: +6 C: +12 D: -12 E: +2
- 13. Which group has the greatest first ionization energy?
 - A: halogens
 - B: carbon family
 - C: oxygen family
 - D: alkali metals
 - E: alkaline earth metals

7.

- 14. Water solutions of the following five compounds have the same molar concentrations. Arrange them in the order of increasing pH.
 - A: CH₃COOH, HCl, NaCl, NH₃, KOH
 - B: KOH, NH₃, NaCl, CH₃COOH, HCl
 - C: HCl, CH₃COOH, NaCl, NH₃, KOH
 - D: HCl, CH₃COOH, NH₃, KOH, NaCl
 - E: CH₃COOH, HCl, KOH, NaCl, NH₃
- 15. How many grams of solid potassium chloride are needed to prepare 200 mL solution with 15 % m/m concentration? The density of the solution is 1.2 g/mL.

A: 25 g B: 0.25 g C: 360 g D: 36 g E: 0.09 g

- 16. Which are the oxidation-reduction reactions?
 - 1. $2Na(s) + 2H_2O(l) \longrightarrow 2NaOH(aq) + H_2(g)$
 - 2. $2NaOH(aq) + H_2SO_4(aq) \longrightarrow Na_2SO_4(aq) + 2H_2O(l)$
 - 3. $Ca^{2+}(aq) + CO_3^{2-}(aq) \longrightarrow CaCO_3(s)$
 - 4. $H_2(g) + Cl_2(g) \longrightarrow 2HCl(g)$

A: 1,2,3,4 B: 1,2 C: 3,4 D: 1,3 E: 1,4

17. Choose the compound with an ester group.



18. Which pairs are structural isomers?



19. The main product in the following reaction is:



20. Which statements are true for the following molecule in its open chain form?



- 1. It is an aldopentose.
- 2. It has 4 chiral carbon atoms.
- 3. It is a monosaccharide.
- 4. It is a D-sugar.